

D. E. EDMUNDS (Brighton)

Y. NETRUSOV (Bristol)

Sharp version of the

Birman - Solomyak theorem

on estimates of entropy

numbers .

Def. Let (X, ρ) be a metric space, $A \subset X$,
 $n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$. Denote by
 $e_n(A)$ (the n^{th} entropy number
 of A) the infimum of all those
 $\epsilon > 0$ such that there
 are 2^{n-1} balls in X of
 radius $\epsilon > 0$ which cover A

Def. Let X, Y be Banach spaces, T
 $T: X \rightarrow Y$ be a l.b. operator,
 $n \in \mathbb{N}$. Denote by $e_n(T) \stackrel{\text{def}}{=}$
 $= e_n(T(B_X))$, where B_X
 is the unit ball in X .

$d \in \mathbb{N}$, $\ell > d(\frac{1}{p} - \frac{1}{q})$. Then

$\exists c_1(\ell, d) > 0$, $C_2(\ell, d, p, q)$

such that $\forall n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$

$$\overbrace{c_1(\ell, d) n^{-\frac{\ell}{d}}}^{***} \leq e_n(\text{id}: W_p^{\ell}(Q) \hookrightarrow L_q(Q)) \leq C_2(\ell, d, p, q) n^{-\ell/d}$$

i) $\ell p > d$

$$*** \leq C_2(\ell, d, p) n^{-\ell/d}$$

ii) $\ell p \leq d$ $q < p_* = p_*(\ell, d, p)$

$$\boxed{\frac{\ell}{d} = \frac{1}{p} - \frac{1}{p_*}}$$

$$*** \leq C_2(\ell, d, p, q) n^{-\ell/d}$$

Th.1 Let $1 < p < \infty$, $\ell p < d$, $q = p^*$,

$a - b \geq \frac{\ell}{d}$. Then \exists

$c_1(\ell, d)$, $c_2(\ell, d, p, a)$ such that

$\forall n \in \{1, 2, 3, \dots\}$

$$\begin{aligned} c_1 n^{-\frac{\ell}{d}} &\leq e_n \left(\text{id}: W_p^\ell \text{Log}_a(Q) \rightarrow L_q \text{Log}_b(Q) \right) \\ &\leq c_2 n^{-\frac{\ell}{d}} \end{aligned}$$

$$a = 0, b = -\frac{\ell}{d} \quad \text{or} \quad a = \frac{\ell}{d}, b = 0$$

$$a - b \geq \frac{2\ell}{d} \quad (\text{E-T 1992})$$

$$a - b > \frac{\ell}{d} \quad (\text{E-N 1997})$$

~~$$\begin{aligned} c_1(\ell, d) n^{-\frac{\ell}{d}} &\leq e_n \left(\text{id}: W_{H_1}^\ell(Q) = F_{H_2}^\ell(Q) \hookrightarrow L_q(Q) \right) \\ &\leq c_2(\ell, d) n^{-\frac{\ell}{d}}, \quad \ell = d(1 - \frac{1}{Nq}) \in N, \quad \ell < d \\ c_1(\ell, d) n^{-\ell/d} &\leq e_n \left(\text{id}: \right. \end{aligned}$$~~

$b \leq -\frac{\ell}{d}$ Then $\exists c_1(\ell, d), c_2(\ell, d)$

$\forall n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$c_1 n^{-\ell/d} \leq e_n(F_{1,2}^\ell(Q) = W_{H_1}^\ell(Q) \rightarrow L_q \log_b) \\ \leq C_2 n^{-\ell/d}$$

2°) Let $\ell \in \mathbb{N}, \ell < d, \ell/d = 1/p, a \geq \frac{\ell}{d}$

Then $\exists c_1(\ell, d), c_2(\ell, d) \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$

$$c_1 n^{-\ell/d} \leq e_n(W_p^\ell \log_a \rightarrow \text{BMO} = F_{\infty, 2}^0) \leq \\ \leq C_2 n^{-\ell/d}$$

St. Let $1 < p, q < \infty, \ell p < d, q = p^*$,
 $\ell \in \mathbb{N}$ and let E be a r.i. Banach
space. Suppose that $\exists \bullet, \epsilon_2$ such
that

$$e_n(\bullet : id: W_E^\ell(Q) \hookrightarrow L_p(Q)) \leq C_2 n^{-\ell/d}$$

$\forall n=1, 2, \dots$. Then $E \subset L_p \log_a(Q),$
 $a = -\ell/d$.

$X(\ell, p)$ if $\varepsilon < p < \bar{\varepsilon}$ then \exists

$c_1(\varepsilon, \ell, d)$, $c_2(\varepsilon, \ell, d)$ such that

$$c_1(\varepsilon, \ell, d) n^{-\frac{\ell}{d}} \leq e_n(\omega: X(\ell, p) \rightarrow L_p) \leq c_2(\varepsilon, \ell, d) n^{-\frac{\ell}{d}}$$

Let φ be a "good" function; $\varphi \in C^\infty$

Then $\exists c(\varphi, \ell, d) \quad \forall f \in X(\ell, p) \quad \forall m \in N$

$$\exists \Gamma_m \subset N \times \mathbb{Z}^n \quad \exists f_{\Gamma_m} = \sum_{(i,k) \in \Gamma_m} \alpha_{i,k} \varphi_{i,k}$$

$$\varphi_{i,k}(x) = \varphi\left(\frac{x - 2^{-i}k}{2^{-i}}\right),$$

$$\|f - f_{\Gamma_m}\|_{L_p(Q)} \leq 2^{-m\ell} \|f\|_X \quad c(\varphi, \ell, d)$$

$$\sum_{s=m}^{+\infty} \# \{(i, k) \in \Gamma \mid m + 2^s \leq i \leq m + 2^{s+1}\} 2^{(s-m)d} \leq$$

$$\leq 1.$$

Th. 2 Let $\varepsilon > 0$, $\ell \in \mathbb{N}$, $d \in \mathbb{N}$. Then

$$\exists c_1(\varepsilon, \ell, d), c_2(\varepsilon, \ell, d)$$

such that $\forall 1 \leq p, q < \infty$

$$1 + \varepsilon < p \leq q < \infty, \ell p < \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$c_1 \min(1, \left(\frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{q} - \frac{1}{p_*} \right) n} \right)^{\frac{\ell}{d}}) \leq$$

$$\leq e_n(W_p^\ell(Q) \rightarrow L_q(Q)) \leq$$

$$\leq c_2 \min(1, \left(\frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{q} - \frac{1}{p_*} \right) n} \right)^{\ell/d})$$

1° ? $1 + \varepsilon < p \Rightarrow 1 \leq p$

$\ell < d$

2° Let $\ell \in \mathbb{N}$, $d \in \mathbb{N}$, Then \exists

$c_1(\ell, d)$ such that $\forall p \geq 1, \cancel{p \ell > d},$

$$e_n(W_p^\ell(Q) \rightarrow L_\infty(Q)) \geq$$

$$\geq \frac{c}{n^{\ell/d}} \left(\frac{1}{p} - \frac{\ell}{d} \right)^{-1} \quad n \in \mathbb{N} \quad n \gg 1$$