



EXAMINATION PAPER

Examination Session: May/June	Year: 2023	Exam Code: MATH30420-WE01
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Title: Galois Theory V

Time:	3 hours	
Additional Material provided:		
Materials Permitted:		
Calculators Permitted:	No	Models Permitted: Use of electronic calculators is forbidden.

Instructions to Candidates:	<p>Answer all questions.</p> <p>Section A is worth 40% and Section B is worth 60%. Within each section, all questions carry equal marks.</p> <p>Students must use the mathematics specific answer book.</p>
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Revision:	
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SECTION A

- Q1** (a) Determine the minimal polynomial of $\sqrt{3 - 2\sqrt{2}}$ over \mathbb{Q} .
 (b) Find all complex roots of the polynomial $x^4 + 6x^2 - \sqrt{10}x + 3/2$.
- Q2** (a) Determine the Galois group of the polynomial $f(x) = x^3 - x + 1$ over \mathbb{Q} .
 (b) Determine the Galois group of the polynomial $f(x) = x^3 - x + 1$ over $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt{-23})$.
- Q3** (a) Suppose that a non-zero polynomial $f(x) \in \mathbb{F}_p[x]$ has a repeated root in some field extension of \mathbb{F}_p . Prove that $f(x)$ is reducible in $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$.
 (b) Let α be a root of $g(x) = x^4 + x^3 + 1 \in \mathbb{F}_2[x]$ in some field extension. Determine the degree of the extension $\mathbb{F}_2(\alpha)/\mathbb{F}_2$ and find the minimal polynomial of α^{-1} .
- Q4** (a) Find a normal closure N of the extension $\mathbb{Q}(\sqrt[4]{7})/\mathbb{Q}$.
 (b) Describe the structure of the Galois group of N/\mathbb{Q} from the previous part by specifying generators and relations.

SECTION B

- Q5** Let $L = \mathbb{R}(x_1, x_2, x_3)$ be the field of rational expressions in independent indeterminates x_1, x_2, x_3 with real coefficients, and set

$$e_1 = x_1 + x_2 + x_3, \quad e_2 = x_1x_2 + x_1x_3 + x_2x_3, \quad e_3 = x_1x_2x_3.$$

- (a) Find an expression for $x_1^2x_2^2 + x_1^2x_3^2 + x_2^2x_3^2$ as a polynomial in e_1, e_2, e_3 .
 (b) Show that L is a Galois extension of $K = \mathbb{R}(e_1, e_2, e_3)$ and determine the structure of $\text{Gal}(L/K)$.
 (c) Let $\alpha = x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 \in L$. By considering the action of the Galois group or otherwise, show that $L = K(\alpha)$.
- Q6** (a) Find the minimal polynomial of $\theta = \sqrt{5 - \sqrt{5}}$ over \mathbb{Q} and show that $K = \mathbb{Q}(\theta)$ is a Galois extension of \mathbb{Q} .
 (b) Determine the structure of $\text{Gal}(K/\mathbb{Q})$ and describe how its elements act on θ .
 (c) Find all fields M where $\mathbb{Q} \subset M \subset K$.
- Q7** Let $L = \mathbb{Q}(\zeta_{25})$ where ζ_{25} is a primitive 25^{th} root of unity.
 (a) Show that L contains unique subfields M and K such that $[L : M] = 5$ and $[L : K] = 4$.
 (b) Explain why L/M is a cyclic extension and find $\alpha \in M$ such that $L = M(\sqrt[5]{\alpha})$.
 (c) Explain why L/K is a cyclic extension and show that there is no $\beta \in K$ such that $L = K(\sqrt[4]{\beta})$.
- Q8** (a) Show that the polynomial $f(x) = x^3 + 2x + 1$ is irreducible in $\mathbb{F}_3[x]$. Given a root θ of $f(x)$ in a splitting field, express the other two roots of $f(x)$ as linear combinations of the basis $1, \theta, \theta^2$ over \mathbb{F}_3 .
 (b) By using $f(x) = x^3 + 2x + 1$ or otherwise, construct an irreducible polynomial in $\mathbb{F}_3[x]$ which has degree 39.
 (c) Given prime p and integer $n \geq 1$, prove that $x^{p^n} - x \in \mathbb{F}_p[x]$ is the product of all irreducible monic polynomials in $\mathbb{F}_p[x]$ with degree dividing n .