

## Quantum Mechanics - Solutions

Q15  $\hat{R}|1\rangle = \alpha|1\rangle$       $\hat{R}|2\rangle = \alpha|2\rangle$

$$\langle 1|\hat{Q}|2\rangle = -\langle 1|\hat{R}\hat{Q}\hat{R}|2\rangle = -\alpha^2\langle 1|\hat{Q}|2\rangle$$

but for self adjoint operator  $\alpha$  real

$$\langle 1|\hat{Q}|2\rangle(1+\alpha^2) = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \langle 1|\hat{Q}|2\rangle = 0$$

Q21 calculate eigenvalues of  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \lambda \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \quad \therefore \quad \begin{vmatrix} 1-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 1-\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0 \quad \lambda = +1$$

so eigenvalue is 1 only 1.

eigenvectors  $x+y=x$       $\therefore y=0$   
 $y=y$       $x$  arbitrary.

so  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  has one eigenvector  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$   
with eigenvalue 1

Eigenvectors are not complete as state  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$   
cannot be expressed in terms of them.

Also as  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  is not self adjoint.

So this matrix cannot represent an observable  
in QM.