# Math 32B-2: Calculus of Several Variables – Homework #4

Instructor: Alpár R. Mészáros Due: April 26, 2019

#### Exercise 1 (From Rogawski-Adams).

- (1) Find a mapping G that maps the disk  $u^2 + v^2 \le 1$  onto the interior of the ellipse  $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 \le 1$ . Then use the change of variables formula to prove that the area of the ellipse is  $\pi ab$ .
- (2) Compute the area of the region enclosed by the ellipse  $x^2 + 2xy + 2y^2 4y = 8$  as an integral in the variables u = x + y, v = y 2.
- (3) Use the change of variables formula in three variables to prove that the volume of the ellipsoid  $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{c}\right)^2 = 1$  is equal to  $abc \times$  the volume of the unit sphere.

## Exercise 2 (From Rogawski-Adams).

Sketch the region D and integrate f(x,y) over D using polar coordinates.

- (1)  $f(x,y) = y(x^2 + y^2)^3$ ;  $y \ge 0$ ,  $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$ .
- (2)  $f(x,y) = e^{x^2+y^2}$ ;  $x^2 + y^2 \le R$ , R > 0 is given.

(3) 
$$\int_0^3 \int_0^{\sqrt{9-y^2}} \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \, \mathrm{d}x \, \mathrm{d}y$$

(4) 
$$\int_0^2 \int_x^{\sqrt{3}x} y \, dy \, dx$$
.

## Exercise 3 (From Rogawski-Adams).

- (1) Let W be the region above the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 6$  and below the paraboloid  $z = 4 x^2 y^2$ .
  - (a) Show that the projection W on the xy-plane is the disk  $x^2 + y^2 \le 2$ .
  - (b) Compute the volume of W using polar coordinates.
- (2) Use cylindrical coordinates to calculate the integral of the function f(x, y, z) = z over the region above the disk  $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$  in the xy-plane and below the surface  $z = 4 + x^2 + y^2$ .
- (3) Use cylindrical coordinates to calculate  $\int \int \int_W f(x,y,z) \, dV$  for f(x,y,z) = xz, where

$$x^2 + y^2 \le 1, \ x \ge 0, \ 0 \le z \le 2.$$

(4) Use spherical coordinates to calculate the triple integral of  $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$  over the region

$$1 < x^2 + y^2 + z^2 < 4$$
.

#### Exercise 4 (From Rogawski-Adams).

- (1) Use cylindrical coordinates to find the volume of a sphere of radius a from which a central cylinder of radius b has been removed, where  $0 \le b \le a$ .
- (2) Use cylindrical coordinates to find the volume of the region bounded below by the plane z = 1 and above by the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ .