

ALGEBRA II Problems: Week 13

Epiphany Term 2012

Hwk: **Q4, 6, 11** due Tuesday, Febr. 7 during the lectures.

1. Show that a k -cycle in S_n ($1 \leq k \leq n$) has order k .
Moreover, show that the product of a k_1 -cycle and a k_2 -cycle which are disjoint has as its order the least common multiple $\text{lcm}(k_1, k_2)$.

2. For any $\sigma \in S_n$ ($n \geq 2$) put

$$P_{n,\sigma} = \prod_{1 \leq i < j \leq n} (x_{\sigma(i)} - x_{\sigma(j)}),$$

where x_1, \dots, x_n are independent variables.

Show that, for any transposition $\tau \in S_n$, one has

$$P_{n,\tau\sigma} = -P_{n,\sigma}.$$

[Hint: Try to prove it for $\sigma = e$ first, and investigate which ones of the factors $(x_i - x_j)$ change their sign under τ . Do you see a pattern?]

3. Check that none of the following groups are isomorphic to one another:

$$\mathbb{Z}_8, \quad \mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_2, \quad D_4, \quad A_4.$$

4. Which of the following groups are isomorphic to one another? Justify your answers.

(a) $\mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_3, \quad \mathbb{Z}_6 \times \mathbb{Z}_2, \quad V \times \mathbb{Z}_3, \quad S_3 \times \mathbb{Z}_2.$

(b) $\mathbb{Z}_6 \times \mathbb{Z}_4, \quad D_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_3, \quad D_{12}, \quad A_4 \times \mathbb{Z}_2, \quad \mathbb{Z}_2 \times D_6, \quad S_4, \quad \mathbb{Z}_{12} \times \mathbb{Z}_2.$

(Here V , as usual, denotes the Klein 4-group.)

5. Show that, for a prime p , the direct product of \mathbb{Z}_p with itself is not isomorphic to \mathbb{Z}_{p^2} .
6. Show that A_4 has no subgroup of order 6.
Why does this show that the converse of Lagrange's Theorem is false?
7. Show that the integers 1,3,7,9,11,13,17,19 form a group under multiplication mod 20. Identify this group as a direct product of cyclic groups.
8. Produce a specific isomorphism between S_3 and D_3 . How many different isomorphisms are there from S_3 to D_3 ?
9. Let G and H be groups. Show that $G \times H$ is abelian if and only if both G and H are abelian. If $G \times H$ is cyclic, prove that G and H are both cyclic.
10. Show that $\mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z}$ is not isomorphic to \mathbb{Z} .
11. Prove that a group G is abelian if and only if the correspondence $x \mapsto x^{-1}$ is an isomorphism from G to G .
12. If G is a group and if g is an element of G , show that the function $\phi : G \rightarrow G$ defined by $\phi(x) = gxg^{-1}$ is an isomorphism. Work out this isomorphism when G is A_4 and g is the permutation (123).