

ESM 1B, Homework 6

Due Date: 14:00 Thursday, October 29, 2009.

Explain your answers! Problems marked (★) are bonus ones.

6.1. Compute the Jacobian $\frac{\partial(x,y,z)}{\partial(u,v,w)}$ for the following changes of coordinates:

(a) $x = uv \cos w, \quad y = uv \sin w, \quad z = \frac{1}{2}(u^2 - v^2)$ (parabolic coordinates);

(b) $x = f(u + v), \quad y = g(u - v), \quad z = w.$

In (b), express the answer in terms of the derivatives of the functions f and g .

6.2. Find the volume of the ellipsoid

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

in terms of the parameters $a, b, c > 0$.

Hint: consider the following change of variables: $x = au, \quad y = bv, \quad z = cw.$

6.3. Let D be a 3-dimensional body. The *moment of inertia* of D (with respect to $(0, 0, 0)$) is defined as

$$\iiint_D r^2 \rho(x, y, z) \, dx \, dy \, dz,$$

where $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$ is the distance of point (x, y, z) to $(0, 0, 0)$, and $\rho(x, y, z)$ is the density at point (x, y, z) . Find the moment of inertia for the cylinder

$$x^2 + y^2 \leq a^2, \quad 0 \leq z \leq b$$

with uniform density ρ_0 .

6.4. (a) Prove the Leibniz rule for differentiation of the cross-product:

$$\frac{d}{dt}(\vec{a}(t) \times \vec{b}(t)) = \left(\frac{d}{dt} \vec{a}(t) \right) \times \vec{b}(t) + \vec{a}(t) \times \left(\frac{d}{dt} \vec{b}(t) \right).$$

(b) Suppose that a particle moves with uniform speed. Show that the acceleration vector is perpendicular to the velocity vector.

Hint: use the equation $\vec{v}(t) \cdot \vec{v}(t) = \text{const.}$

6.5. (★) Let $f : [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be a real function. Find the volume of the 3-dimensional domain D defined by inequalities

$$D = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid a \leq z \leq b, \quad x^2 + y^2 \leq f^2(z)\}$$

in terms of one-variable integral involving the function $f(z)$.