Perspectives in Mathematics I, Homework 2

Due Date: Wednesday, October 14, in class.

Explain your answers! Problems marked (\star) are bonus ones.

- **2.1.** Show that points $z_1, z_2, z_3 \in \mathbb{C}$ are collinear (belong to one line) if and only if $\frac{z_1 z_2}{z_1 z_3} \in \mathbb{R}$.
- 2.2. (a) Show that points A, B, C, D ∈ ℝ² lie on one circle if and only if ∠ABC + ∠ADC = π.
 (b) Use part (a) to show that z₁, z₂, z₃, z₄ ∈ ℂ lie on one circle or one line if and only if [z₁, z₂, z₃, z₄] ∈ ℝ.
- 2.3. (a) Find a Moebius transformation taking 0, 1, and 2 to −1, 0, and ∞ respectively.
 (b) Find a Moebius transformation f taking the upper half-plane Im z > 0 to the unit disk with f(i) = 0.

(c) Draw the images of the sets $\{z \in \mathbb{C} | \operatorname{Re} z \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ and $\{z \in \mathbb{C} | \operatorname{Im} z \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ under the map constructed in (b).

2.4. (a) Find the infimum and supremum of the sum of angles of a polygon with n sides.

(b) Given an acute-angled polygon P and two lines l and m containing two disjoint egdes of P, show that l and m are disjoint.

- **2.5.** (a) Show that any pair of parallel lines can be transformed to any other pair of parallel lines by an isometry.
 - (b) Show that all horocycles are pairwise congruent.
- **2.6.** (a)(\star) Given a point *C* moving along an arc *AB* of a circle or horocycle, prove that $\angle ABC + \angle BAC \angle ACB$ is constant.

(b)(\star) Given a convex quadrilateral *ABCD* with equal opposite sides, show that the lines containing sides *AB* and *CD* diverge.