ESM 1B, Homework 10

Due Date: 14:00 Wednesday, November 23.

Explain your answers! Problems marked (\star) are bonus ones.

- 10.1. Compute divergence and curl of the following vector fields:
 - (a) $\vec{a} = (yz, xz, xy);$
 - (b) $\vec{a} = (x^2y^3, 0, xz^2);$
 - (c) $\vec{a} = (\sin x, x \cos y, \sin z)$.
- **10.2.** Let f, g be scalar fields, and let \vec{u}, \vec{v} be vector fields. Prove the following formulas.
 - (a) $\operatorname{div}(f\vec{u}) = (\operatorname{grad} f) \cdot \vec{u} + f \operatorname{div} \vec{u};$
 - (b) $\operatorname{curl}(f\vec{u}) = (\operatorname{grad} f) \times \vec{u} + f \operatorname{curl} \vec{u};$
 - (c) div $(\vec{u} \times \vec{v}) = \vec{v} \cdot (\text{curl } \vec{u}) \vec{u} \cdot (\text{curl } \vec{v});$
 - (d) div (grad $f \times \text{grad } g$) = 0.
- **10.3.** Find a function f and vector field \vec{a} (or prove that it does not exist) such that
 - (a) grad $\vec{f} = (y \cos x, x \cos y, xyz)$;
 - (b) curl $\vec{a} = (xy, -yz, xy)$.
- **10.4.** Compute components of curl \vec{a} in cylindrical coordinates, where $\vec{a} = (a_{\rho}, a_{\varphi}, a_{z})$.
- **10.5.** Let $(\rho, \vartheta, \varphi)$ be spherical coordinates:

$$x = \rho \sin \theta \cos \varphi, \quad y = \rho \sin \theta \sin \varphi, \quad z = \rho \cos \theta.$$

Let \vec{e}_{ρ} , \vec{e}_{ϑ} and \vec{e}_{φ} be the unit vectors of the same direction as the partial derivatives

$$\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial \rho}$$
, $\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial \vartheta}$, $\frac{\partial \vec{r}}{\partial \varphi}$.

Prove that the gradient of a scalar field f has the following expression in the spherical coordinates:

$$\nabla f = \frac{\partial f}{\partial \rho} \vec{e}_{\rho} + \frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \vartheta} \vec{e}_{\vartheta} + \frac{1}{\rho \sin \vartheta} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \varphi} \vec{e}_{\varphi}.$$

You may use the textbook but please give a detailed and complete computation.

- **10.6.** (*) Let f = 1/r, where $r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$. Write down the expression for vector field $\vec{u} = \text{grad } f$
 - (a) in Cartesian coordinates;
 - (b) in cylindrical coordinates;
 - (c) in spherical coordinates.
 - (d) Compute div \vec{u} and curl \vec{u} .