

## ESM 2B, Homework 7

**Due Date:** 14:00 Wednesday, 6 April 2011.

Explain your answers! Problems marked (★) are bonus ones.

**7.1.** Consider the vector space  $C^1[0, 1]$  of differentiable functions on  $[0, 1]$  with continuous derivative. Which of the following maps  $\|\cdot\|: C^1[0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  are norms?

(a)  $\|f\| = \sup_{x \in [0, 1]} |f(x)|;$

(b)  $\|f\| = \sup_{x \in [0, 1]} |f'(x)|;$

(c)  $\|f\| = \sup_{x \in [0, 1]} |f(x) - f(0)|;$

(d)  $\|f\| = \sup_{x \in [0, 1]} |f^5(x)|;$

(e)  $\|f\| = \sup_{x \in [0, 1]} |f(x) + f'(x)|;$

(f)  $\|f\| = \sup_{x \in [0, 1]} |f(0) + f'(x) + f(1)|.$

**7.2.** Let  $P_3$  be the vector space of polynomials with real coefficients of degree less than or equal to 3. For any  $p, q \in P_3$  consider the inner product

$$\langle p|q \rangle = \int_0^1 p(x)q(x) dx$$

Apply the Gram-Schmidt procedure to the basis  $\{1, x, x^2, x^3\}$  to obtain an orthonormal basis.

**7.3.** Consider the vector space of continuous real-valued functions on  $[0, 2\pi]$  with inner product

$$\langle f|g \rangle = \int_0^{2\pi} f(x)g(x) dx$$

Show that any two distinct functions from the set  $\{1, \cos nx, \sin nx \mid n \in \mathbb{N}\}$  are mutually orthogonal.

**7.4.** (a) Show that any norm induced by inner product satisfies the *parallelogram identity*

$$\|x + y\|^2 + \|x - y\|^2 = 2\|x\|^2 + 2\|y\|^2$$

(b) Give an example of two continuous functions  $f, g$  on  $[0, 1]$  for which

$$\|f + g\|_\infty^2 + \|f - g\|_\infty^2 \neq 2\|f\|_\infty^2 + 2\|g\|_\infty^2$$

where  $\|f\|_\infty$  is the norm defined in Problem 1(a).

**7.5.** (★) Define the vector space  $\ell^p$  as the space of all infinite sequences  $\{x_n\}$  of real numbers such that the series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} |x_n|^p$  converges. For which  $p$  and  $k$  the inclusion  $\ell^p \subset \ell^{p+k}$  holds?