

## Riemannian Geometry IV, Homework 7 (Week 17)

Due date for starred problems: **Friday, March 13.**

- 7.1.** (a) Let  $c(t)$  be a geodesic, and let  $c(t_0)$  be conjugate to  $c(t_1)$ . Let  $J$  be any Jacobi field along  $c$  vanishing at  $t_0$  and  $t_1$ . Show that  $J$  is orthogonal, i.e.  $\langle J(t), c'(t) \rangle \equiv 0$ .
- (b) Show that the dimension of the space  $J_c^\perp$  of orthogonal vector fields along  $c$  is  $2n - 2$ .
- 7.2.** (★) Let  $M$  be a Riemannian manifold of non-positive sectional curvature, i.e.  $K(\Pi) \leq 0$  for any 2-plane  $\Pi \subset TM$ .
- (a) Let  $c : [a, b] \rightarrow M$  be a geodesic and let  $J$  be a Jacobi field along  $c$ . Let  $f(t) = \|J(t)\|^2$ . Show that  $f''(t) \geq 0$ , i.e.,  $f$  is a convex function.
- (b) Derive from (a) that  $M$  does not admit conjugate points.
- 7.3.** (★) Let  $M = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 \mid x^2 + y^2 = z\}$  be a paraboloid of revolution with metric induced by  $\mathbb{R}^3$ . Let  $p = (0, 0, 0)$ . Show that  $p$  has no conjugate points in  $M$ .
- 7.4.** Let  $(M, g)$  be a Riemannian manifold. For a tensor  $T$  let  $\nabla T$  denote its covariant derivative, see Exercise 9.3.  $T$  is called a *parallel tensor* if  $\nabla T = 0$ .
- (a) Assume that  $T_1, T_2 : \mathfrak{X} \times \mathfrak{X} \rightarrow C^\infty(M)$  are parallel tensors. Show that the tensor  $T : \mathfrak{X} \times \mathfrak{X} \times \mathfrak{X} \times \mathfrak{X} \rightarrow C^\infty(M)$ , defined as

$$T(X_1, X_2, X_3, X_4) = T_1(X_1, X_2)T_2(X_3, X_4),$$

is also parallel.

- (b) Use (a) to show that  $\nabla R' = 0$  for the tensor

$$R'(X, Y, Z, W) = \langle X, W \rangle \langle Y, Z \rangle - \langle X, Z \rangle \langle Y, W \rangle.$$

- (c) Use Exercise 4.3 and (b) to show that all manifolds with constant sectional curvature have parallel Riemann curvature tensor

$$R(X, Y, Z, W) := \langle R(X, Y)Z, W \rangle.$$